

Chapter 21

Winning the Blame Game

Sent: Friday, October 18 at 5:45 am

From: VP Operations

To: CEO

Subject: Production Schedule Behind

Mark.

We have a huge problem with the production schedule.

It's 6 weeks behind and we're at risk of not getting the product to market in time for the holidays. I told Tom a month ago that he needed to step it up and start creating overtime schedules for his team so this wouldn't happen. Now finance is saying that they wouldn't approve the overtime because we don't have the funds, but nobody on that team told me at the time. Max's situation with his unhappy development team doesn't help matters. They hate him, productivity is suffering, and he's not doing anything about it. Sue is a basket case, she missed 4 days last month because of a sick kid or something and didn't hire the people we needed in Q2. To make matters worse, customer service has a massive backlog again—I was totally unaware of this until today. The whole thing is just a mess.

Leadership is about holding others accountable and not holding back when it comes time to call out others who aren't pulling their weight. The best way to not end up holding the bag is to have a constant eye on your peers and make sure that your superiors know exactly where to lay the blame when things go sideways. Make sure that those beneath you never blame you. Sometimes you must give everyone insight when others' poor performance isn't so obvious, and sometimes you might even need to inflate the story to make sure the responsibility is deflected away from you.

The more you focus on blaming, and the more detailed you can be in your accounts of where to lay that blame, the more confusing it will become for those you are making your case to. This is a good thing! Just keep piling it on in a never-ending stream of crafty story-telling sprinkled with somewhat truthful accounts of this and that injustice. The more you stay at it, the more solid the perception of your lack of responsibility will be.

As a leader, it's important to recognize and accept the fact that you are surrounded by incompetence. Laziness, apathy, distraction, stupidity, low energy, lack of stamina, lying, failure, general loserness, ugliness, and weakness is everywhere you look. You should always be looking for incompetence, and when you find it, point it out loudly and with complete conviction and confidence. One of the most valuable qualities in a good leader is awareness, including self-awareness, of the fact that you didn't get to where you are by being responsible for anything failure related. You got here by being responsible for success only. And that which is perceived as failure is actually success because if it hadn't failed like you intended it to, it wouldn't have been be so successful. Or something like that.

Let others worry about the view from under the bus. You're too busy driving it.

Let's Get Real

A cornerstone of great leadership is accountability and taking responsibility for yourself first and foremost. Blaming others is not only poor leadership, it has little if nothing to do with a solution to a problem. When people state the problem but offer nothing in the way of a solution, the only thing they are solving is how to take the focus off of themselves and project it onto others.

At the same time, some good leaders take too much of the blame for the shortcomings of others. Where did I go wrong? What could I have done differently? How did I let them down? While doing some of this kind of self-reflection is an important exercise in order to learn and improve, doing too much of it is simply not assigning accountability to those to whom it should be assigned. Be cautious with accountability—there is a fine line between ownership and blame. Awareness and a constant monitoring of this ebb and flow will help you both learn and teach.

We will always have performance problems with ourselves, with our peers, and with those we lead. But as leaders, those are the problems we're employed to solve. If we're unable to solve them, then we ourselves are the performance problem.

There are no winners in the blame game, because only losers play. As Arnold H. Glasow said, "A good leader takes a little more than his share of the blame, a little less than his share of the credit."

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(How Not to) Be a Leader

by Mary E. Marshall & Kim Obbink

(How NOT to) Be a Leader is the first in a series of how-not-to guides for newly minted leaders looking to avoid becoming feared or hated losers in the ivory tower or veteran leaders looking in the rearview mirror wondering where and why they ran off the road. Irreverent and hilarious, (How NOT to) Be a Leader shines a big bright spotlight on the oh-so-common mistakes that many leaders make when they plow forward through life and business without taking the time to really consider the effect their leadership is having on others. We've all seen and heard the horror stories of bad leadership, and hopefully many of us have been lucky enough to have been the benefactor of truly great leadership. Either way, if it's your turn at the top, (How NOT to) Be a Leader will help you understand what you can do to be a better leader by first understanding what you should never ever do; and if you are, why you should back up the truck, take another look at yourself and your leadership qualities, and do the work and self-reflection needed to get back on track.

Why this book series? Having been in the leadership trenches for a combined fifty years, we've seen a lot. Some good, some bad, and some really, really horrible. There was no guide for us, and we want to help all those leaders who will come after us. Not with a boring manifesto about a fictional leader who only exists in a book, but with real-life stories we've experienced or even perpetrated ourselves and vow never to repeat.

This book consists of twenty-four characteristics that you don't want to be known for. Not all twenty-four will apply to you and a few might resonate louder than others. What was it you heard in your last 360? Micromanaging doesn't work? You aren't listening? You want everyone to do it your way? You might have a few to work on, and our challenge to you is to choose three or four that seem the most immediate and start working on those. Once you've mastered them, take on a few more. And certainly share the book with those around you whose leadership styles need a little polish.

Should you accept this leadership challenge, you will be able to quickly identify twenty-four ineffective leadership traits and make changes to positively address them. Through the stories in this book, you will learn how to avoid the pitfalls of leadership, how to be a better leader, and, most importantly, how to pass good leadership on to those you lead.

Available now from Amazon.com in print and Kindle formats.

Find out more about Mary Marshall's services and follow her blog on leadership development and entrepreneurship:

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